

**AIR FORCE SCHOOLS**  
**PRE-BOARD EXAMINATION: 2018-19**  
**CLASS – X**

Roll No.

--	--	--	--	--	--	--

- Please check that this question paper contains **05** printed pages and **01** Map.
- Please check that this question paper contains **26** questions.
- **Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.**
- 15 minutes time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 8.30 a.m. From 8.30 a.m. to 8.45 a.m., the student will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer script during this period.

**SOCIAL SCIENCE**

*Time allowed: 3 hours*

*Maximum marks: 80*

**General Instructions:**

- (i) *The question paper is divided into four sections – **Section A, Section B, Section C and Section D.***
- (ii) *The question paper has **26** questions in all.*
- (iii) *All questions are compulsory.*
- (iv) *Marks are indicated against each question.*
- (v) *Questions from serial number **1 to 7** are very short answer type questions. Each question carries **one** mark.*
- (vi) *Questions from serial number **8 to 18** are **3** marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed **80** words each.*
- (vii) *Questions from serial number **19 to 25** are **5** marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed **100** words each.*
- (viii) *Question number **26** is a map question of **5** marks with two parts -**26 A** from History (**2** marks) and **26 B** from Geography (**3** marks).*

**Section – A (1x7=7)**

1. What is Rinderpest? 1

OR

What do you understand by the term "proto industrialisation"?

OR

Name two acts passed by London authorities to keep children away from industrial work.

2. Mention two political demands of Liberal nationalist in early 19<sup>th</sup> century Europe.  $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}$

OR

According to Bernard what were the barriers to economic growth in Vietnam? Give any two.

3. How does the problem of over irrigation lead to land degradation in India? 1

OR

How does sustainable development help in the better conservation of resources?

4. Write any one feature of "Challenge of Expansion". 1  
5. Name the summer cropping season of India. Which crop is best suited for sowing in this season?  $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{2}$

OR

Which type of subsistence farming is largely practiced in India? State any one feature of this type of farming.

6. "The moment we speak of water shortage, we immediately associate it with regions having low rainfall or those that are drought prone". According to you how is the water scarcity caused? 1  
7. State any two examples of non-materialistic things other than income which holds importance in your life. 1

**Section – B (3x11=33)**

8. "Printing is the ultimate gift of God and the greatest one". Who said this? How did print help to promote protestant reformation? 1+2

OR

Describe the development of novels in Bengal.

9. "Despite years of stable and rapid growth Bretton woods system collapse giving birth of globalisation". Justify in three points. **3**

**OR**

Describe any three major problems faced by Indian cotton Weavers in 19<sup>th</sup> century.

**OR**

Why did the well off Londoners support the need to build housing for the poor in 19<sup>th</sup> century? Give three points.

10. What do you mean by the secondary sector? How does it help in the economic development of the country? **1+2=3**

**OR**

Why is the importance of tertiary sector rising in today's times?

11. State the facts related to Coal found in India with reference to the following: **2+1**  
a) Name its four varieties  
b) Name the geological ages in which it is found

12. "Democracy stands much superior to any other form of government in promoting dignity and freedom of the Individual". Explain the statement. **3**

**OR**

Differentiate between the coming together federation and Holding together federation with an example of each.

13. Mention the prudential reasons for power sharing. **3**  
14. Discuss three factors that determine the outcomes of politics of social divisions. **3**  
15. Why is the concentration of Iron and Steel industries maximum in the Chotanagpur Plateau region of India? Give any three reasons with the help of examples. **3**  
16. Differentiate between Formal and Informal sources of credit found in India. **3**

**OR**

Why is there a need for the banks and cooperatives to expand credit facilities especially in rural areas?

17. Give example of any one way in which a consumer may be exploited by the seller at the market place. Explain any two rights of the consumer that he/she can use to safeguard himself / herself against this form of exploitation. 1+2

**OR**

What led to the starting of the Consumer Movement in India? Explain the three level quasi-judicial machinery established for consumer protection in India.

18. Seetaraman owns a farm in Maharashtra and wishes to cultivate either Cotton/Jute. He shall cultivate which crop out of these two keeping in mind the conditions for their growth? 1+2=3

**Section – C (5x7=35)**

19. "In Britain the formation of the nation state was not the result of a sudden upheaval. It was a long drawn process". Justify. 5

**OR**

Describe the role of different religious groups in the development of anti colonial feeling in Vietnam.

20. Discuss the role of women in the Civil Disobedience Movement. Why was Congress reluctant to allow women to hold any position of authority within the Congress? 4+1

**OR**

How did Non Cooperation Movement spread in cities? Why did it gradually slow down?

21. Do you agree with the view that "Transport, Communication and Trade are the lifelines of a nation's economy"? Give five reasons to justify your answer. 5
22. Name the authority that supervises the functioning of banks in India? How does it supervise them? Why is it necessary? 1+3+1
23. Explain the provisions that have been made towards decentralization in India after a constitutional Amendment in 1992. 5

**OR**

What is a secular state? How does the constitution of India ensures that India remains a secular state?

24. State the various functions political parties perform in a democracy. **5**
25. What are the different ways in which an MNC set up production across different countries of the world? Why is it profitable for them to do so? **4+1**

**Section – D (1x5=5)**

26. (A) Two features A and B are marked on the given political map of India. Identify these features with the help of the following information and write their correct names on the lines marked. **2+3**
- (a) Place where Indian National Congress Session was held in December 1920.
- (b) Place associated with Peasant Satyagraha.
- (B) Locate and label **ANY THREE** of the following with appropriate symbols on the same given political map of India.
- (i) Major Sea Port in Odisha
- (ii) Sardar Sarovar Dam
- (iii) Salem Iron and Steel Plant
- (iv) Narora Nuclear Power Plant
- (v) Meenam Bakkam International Airport

Map for Q. No. 26 (A & B)



